IN THE MATTER OF THE	§	BEFORE THE STATE OFFICE
APPLICATION BY DIAMOND BACK	§	
RECYCLING AND SANITARY	§	OF
LANDFILL, LP FOR NEW MSW	§	
PERMIT NO. 2404	8	ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

LAWRENCE G. DUNBAR, P.E.

Water Resources/Environmental Engineer/Consultant 6342 Dew Bridge Drive Sugar Land, TX 77479 281-980-2225 713-782-5544 (fax)

EDUCATION

- B.S. University of Notre Dame 1975 - Civil Engineering
- M.S. Illinois Institute of Technology 1981 - Environmental Engineering
- J.D. University of Houston 1989 - Law

WORK HISTORY

- 1988 to Present Lawrence G. Dunbar, P.E. (Houston, TX)
 Water Resources/Environmental Engineering Consultant
- 1986 to 1988 Espey Huston & Associates (Houston, TX) Water Resources Group Leader
- 1984 to 1985 State of Indiana (Indianapolis, IN)
 Section Head of Dam Inspection and Lake Permitting
- 1983 to 1984 Espey Huston & Associates (Austin, TX) Water Resources Engineer
- 1981 to 1982 Keifer Engineer, Inc. (Chicago, IL) Water Resources Engineer
- 1975 to 1981 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Chicago, IL) Flood Control Section Chief, Hydrology and Hydraulics Branch

FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE

Flood Control Water Quality

Drainage Wetlands

Stormwater Management Landfills

Floodplain Analysis/Management Land Development

Reservoir Regulation Coastal Engineering

Stream Hydrology/Hydraulics Unsteady Flow Modeling

Watershed Modeling Water/wastewater systems

Flood Forecasting

PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

Licensed Professional Engineer in Texas since 1983 (previously in Illinois and Indiana)

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS

"Hydrologic and Hydraulic Analyses for a Major Urban Flood Control Study" Proceedings of the International Symposium on Urban Hydrology, Hydraulics and Sediment Control, Lexington, Kentucky, July 1982

"Hydrologic Methodology for Evaluating Urban Development" National Water Conference, Univ. of Delaware, July 1989

EXPERIENCE EXAMPLES

Technical expert for Corps of Engineers on Lake Michigan Diversion lawsuit between Illinois and Wisconsin before the U.S. Supreme Court

Consulting expert for the State of Georgia in a water rights dispute between Georgia and Florida before the U.S. Supreme Court

Expert witness in numerous judicial and administrative proceedings on behalf of cities, counties, developers, engineers, and land owners regarding water resource/environmental engineering issues

Project manager of Corps of Engineers' review and permitting of Chicago's \$2B Deep Tunnel Project to control storm water/waste water discharges

Project manager for flood control project in Manila, Philippines

Project manager for land development projects in Austin, Texas

Project manager for development of Master Drainage Plans and the Drainage Criteria Manual for Fort Bend County

Project manager for the SSPEED Center at Rice University studying coastal surge protection systems and riverine flooding issues

Frequent seminar speaker throughout Texas on current issues involving storm water regulations

Consultant to various water, utility and drainage districts

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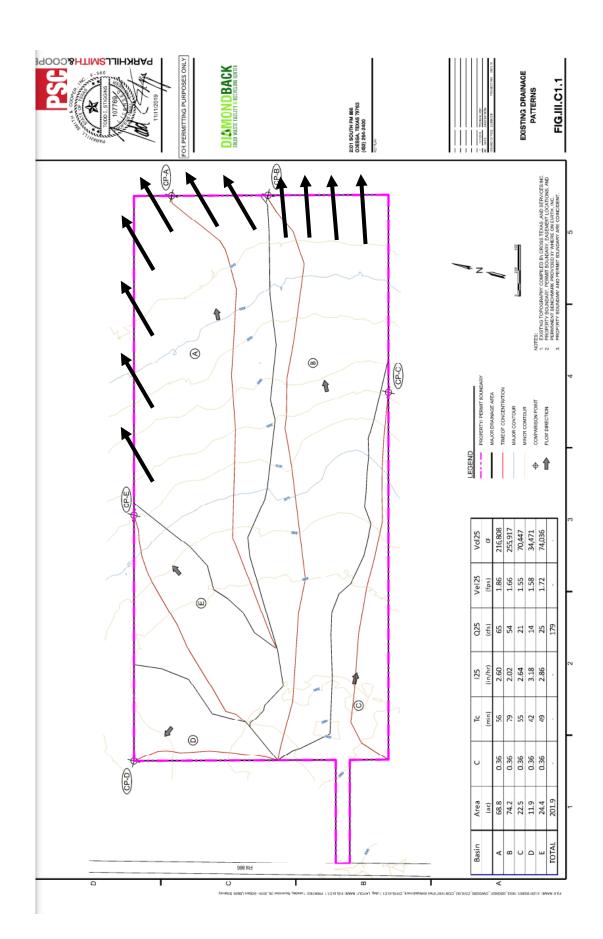


Figure 1 - Application Figure III.C1.1 with Notations

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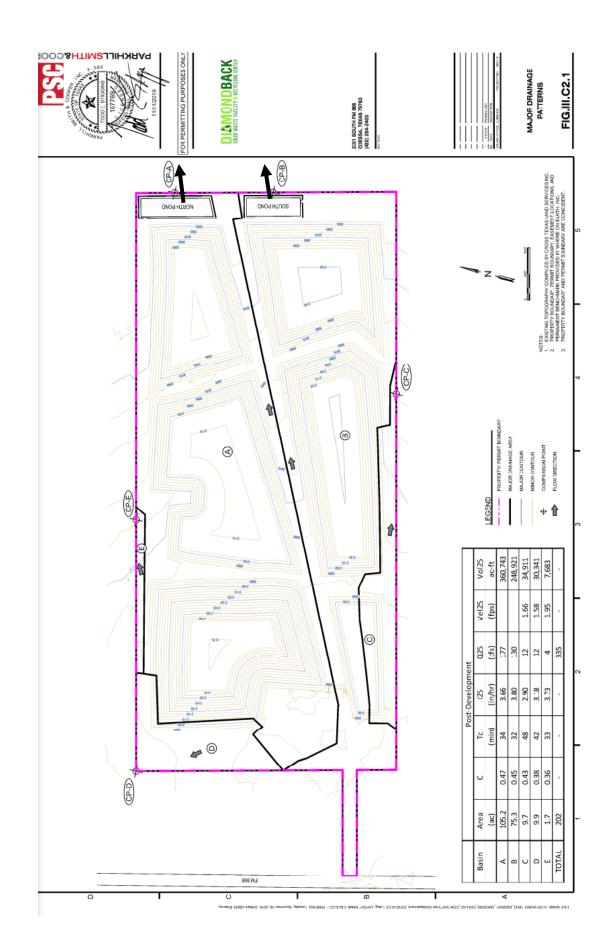


Figure 2 - Application Figure III.C2.1 with Notations

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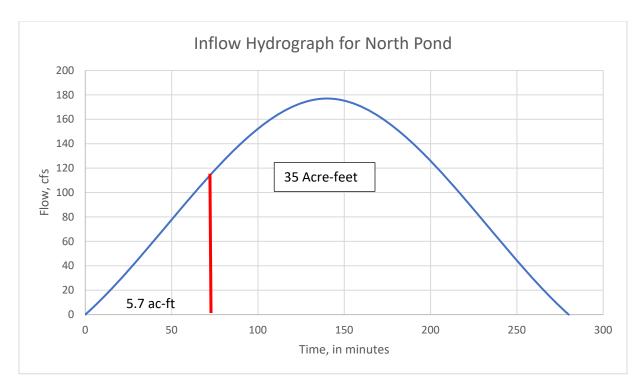


Figure 3. Inflow Hydrograph for North Pond with Detention Storage Provided Filled Up

Drainage Area A - 103.9 acres

Peak flow (25-yr) - 177 cfs

25-yr, 24-hr rainfall - 4.75 inches (assume 85% becomes runoff from the landfill)

25-yr, 24-hr runoff - 4.0 inches (4.75" of rain x 85%) or 0.33 feet

Inflow Volume - 35 acre-feet (103.9 acres x 0.33 feet of runoff volume)

Detention Storage Capacity/Volume Provided - 5.7 acre-feet

Detention storage capacity/volume provided is used up in about 70 minutes, less than half of the time before the peak inflow of 177 cfs enters the filled up pond. This means that there is little detention being provided to reduce the peak inflow down to the existing conditions rate, such that this pond will discharge most of the peak inflow of 177 cfs, and not the 65 cfs reported by the Applicant.

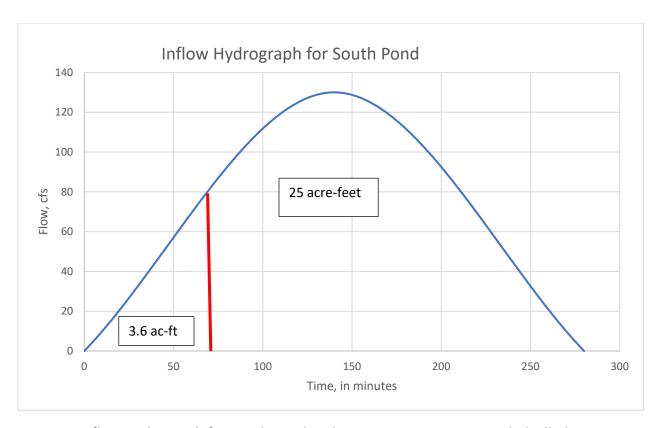


Figure 4. Inflow Hydrograph for South Pond with Detention Storage Provided Filled Up

Drainage Area A - 75.6 acres

Peak flow (25-yr) - 130 cfs

25-yr, 24-hr rainfall - 4.75 inches (assume 85% becomes runoff from the landfill)

25-yr, 24-hr runoff - 4.0 inches (4.75" of rain x 85%) or 0.33 feet

Inflow Volume - 25 acre-feet (75.6 acres x 0.33 feet of runoff volume)

Detention Storage Capacity/Volume Provided - 3.6 acre-feet

Detention storage capacity/volume provided is used up in about 70 minutes, less than half of the time before the peak inflow of 130 cfs enters the filled up pond. This means that there is little detention being provided to reduce the peak inflow down to the existing conditions rate, such that this pond will discharge most of the peak inflow of 130 cfs, and not the 54 cfs reported by the Applicant.